OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, of the Duchy of CORNWALL, Esq;

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1752. [No. 125.

To JONATHAN FREE, Esq;

"Ex noto fictum carmen sequar."—— HOR.

SIR,

ANXIOUS as you appear in the service of your country, you cannot be disobliged by a few observations which bear a similar motive to the great end of your hebdomadal labours. The service of my country is a duty as much incumbent on me as upon any other Englishman, and if I can serve, I ought, nay I must serve her.

You may not, perhaps, Sir, think me in earnest, when I tell you, that it is partly with this view I go frequently to the Theatres; but the sequel may better evince the affirmative, than any previous assurances. As I am inquisitive in tracing the varieties of life, where am I likely to gratify curiosity more delightfully than at the playhouse, where the minutest to the most important actions of the great world are so well shadowed out in the typical representations exhibited on the stage of this little one? And where can a man gain a speedier knowlege of men, than in the analysis of human nature?

But nobody questions the utility of the stage. It has been called the Microcosm or little mimic of the Macrocosm or the great reality; and it has been found so. Yet is it very possible, this grand point of reflecting to observation the vices and the foibles of mankind may be deviated from. Men may be libelled when vices should be satired. The OLD COMEDY of the Greeks may be revived among Britons, and even the sacred, or if the last commentator upon MILTON* likes it better, the SECRET transactions of statesmen and politicians may be exposed to malignant censure or still more malignant raillery.

This, Sir, I say, may be; I do not aver, it actually is done: tho whether it is, or it is not, I shall refer to you, after a few animadversions, which occurred to me on some late theatrical representations, have been candidly heard and considered.

Many honest well-meaning people have looked upon the mighty contention (scarcely yet cold) between the aweful empires of Drury and Covent-garden, as a mere private piece of animosity between the redoubted managers. At first indeed (for I have no pretension to uncommon penetration) I saw like other men. But, alas! how were we all deluded!—I soon discovered this little theatrical contention to be no less than a most sarcastical emblem of another certain contention too well known throughout Europe to want a distinguishing epithet here. Believe me, Mr. FREE, I found there was Jacobitism in the case; and I am too great a lover of the present happy establishment not to disrobe it of all its borrowed facings when I have luckily detected it.

It would be needless to run over a view of the public affairs. The great efforts made to elect a King of the Romans, and by whom & to what end made, are sufficiently known: in short, every particular, audaciously ridiculed by these mimic politicians, is notorious; and therefore I have nothing left to do but to prove what I have discovered to be downright Jacobitism, by shewing how impudently the wise measures of the profoundest statesmen are joked upon, under pretence of theatrical piques and jealousies.

Come forward then, Disaffection: "Mirabile visu opus!"

The SUMMARY, or general Scheme.

1. The two houses, pretending to quarrel about MADDOX, represent the two parties disagreeing about the intended King of the Romans.

2. Drury is the Party opposing the Election, and the Garden-Party consequently supports & advances it.

Now, Sir, you have seen the grand action saucily mocked, let us enter into particulars, and see if they are not equally derided, without respect to persons, however sacred; and, by way of distinction, let us begin with the party that espouses the election.

The Garden Party.

1. King Rich, i. e. King ——, and his man Harlequin, alias the S—c—y, foist upon the Town a wire-dancer. What can be more daring, and yet so obvious! And what is still less tollerable, it is given out, that when King Rich was asked, why he did not procure a better Harlequin, this answer was returned by somebody present —— "A better Harlequin would mar the allegory."

2. Archduke MADDOX walks upon the wire — The King of the Romans BUILDS upon a WIRE. They are Equilibrists — they both BALANCE A STRAW.

3. The Emperor and Empress are typified by the great number of nobility and FOREIGN MINISTERS who patronize their young darling the ballancer.

4. Les Charboniers, & les Sabotiers Tyroleze, viz. Tyroleze Coal-heavers and Shoemakers. Tyrol belongs to the Emperor, and by the coalheavers are meant any labourers in heavy DIRTY work, such as destroying the liberty of a country by rendering hereditary what ought to be elective. By les sabotiers, shoemakers, something is to be FITTED; or perhaps they metaphor certain COBLERS, who of late years have displayed remarkable talents for BOTCHING UP OLD SEAMS.

4. Mr. COOK, and others, make up the deficience in Harlequin, id est, supply his HUNGER, do that for him he cannot do for himself, in a word, COOK for him either sensually or politically.

The rest of this party are made up as usual, of Messengers, Attendants, Pensioners, Hangers-on and Parasites.

The Party of Drury.

1. Little David swells into a big Prussian Monarch!—Quis major esset?—

2. Harlequin Woodward, alias his minister.

3. A Lion LED by a chain, a Horse, three Ostriches, a Monkey and a Dog. I refer you to the Arms of kingdoms, republics, and electorates, to understand these animals here.

4. Archduke MADDOX in effigy, standing on his head upon the wire.— The King of the Romans ridiculed, and all his hopes turned topsy-turvy.

5. The Elector Palatine is represented by the PALATINE Gallery, where the GODS take their sublime seats, and send down their vindictive thunderbolts. They have no GODS on the other side: Among them, they are all men or BEASTS.

Particulars respecting both parties.

1. The audience are Electors and Parties concerned.

2. A certain LONG absence from England denoted by K. R—h's LONGER absence from Common Sense: an absence which commenced with the introduction of Pantomime.

3. Certain female dancers, who exercise their profession in very short petticoats, would insinuate there are other certain ladies of the highest rank, who are fond of DANCING without the obstruction of any petticoats at all.

Now, Sir, I have run over such striking particulars and incidents, that it is almost morally impossible to mistake. If these players have not been critics upon statesmen here, I have lost my discernment. But let us subjoin a few general remarks corroboratory of the whole.

Notwithstanding all the pains I have taken to dive to the bottom of this iniquitous mistery, I have not been able to discover the author or authors of it. The players are INNOCENT of design, tho' they are guilty in the execution; and indeed it is no wonder they should be made the blind instruments of the disaffected, when the art of these could even elude their noble licensor himself.

Can you imagine there could arise at one time so many realities and emblems, so many originals and copies, unless something more than chance gave the direction? The coherence of facts responsible to, tho' unlike, each other, is what constitutes allegory. Then it follows that we have been reading a dangerous, jesuitical, jacobitical allegory; calculated to create disaffection among his Majesty's liege subjects, and to destroy peace and good order.

Whether this matter appears to you, Sir, in the same lights with mine, it is true may be a question, since every day adds some new Proofs to the innumerable foregoing, of the different effect of vision and perception in different men. But in my way of thinking, the S——y of S—— should publish a reward of 1000 l. in like manner with that for the famous Queries, to discover the authors of this drammatical libel on K——gs, M——rs, and Players!

FABULUS.

* See a very entertaining note upon the epithets "sacred & secret" in the first book of Paradise Lost, lately published by Dr. NEWTON.

2027

LONDON.

We hear the laſt pacquet from Holland brought an account, that the yatchts, with his majeſty, were endeavouring to get out of the harbour when the fleet was at ſea, but were obliged to put back by the winds coming about quite contrary.

On Wedneſday laſt about 12 o'clock all the ſhips in the Downs. Outward bound, got under ſail, ſo that it may be concluded his majeſty will be at St. James's To-day or To-morrow.

Sunday his royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland, and the princeſs Amelia arrived at St. James's from Windſor Park, where her royal highneſs dined in her way from Bath.

As ſeveral diſputes and law ſuits have happened about the qualifications of Horſes, &c. running for matters plates, this laſt ſeaſon; 'tis ſaid, the two following clauſes will be added to the Horſe Race Bill next ſeſſion of parliament.

I. Two hundred pounds penalty, with the forfeiture of the horſe, mare or gelding, that ſhall ſtart for any plate or prize that is not qualified.

II. That when any plate or prize is won by any horſe, &c. winning the two firſt heats, the horſe, &c. that is ſecond, the ſecond heat, ſhall have the ſtakes without being obliged to ſtart a third, with a penalty of fifty pounds on the clerks of every courſe who ſhall ſuffer them to run again; it being a ſeparate thing from the plate, and of leſs value than fifty pounds, and conſequently contrary to the act, and only calculated for the benefit of a few publicans that keep Booths, &c.

Tueſday at nine o'clock in the morning, came on at the veſtry room of St. Bride's, the election of a collector of the tithes, payable to the dean and chapter of Weſtminſter by that pariſh. The choice was made by balloting, and the candidates were Mr. Raven, a ſtationer in Fleetſtreet, Mr. Jones, keeper of St. Bride's workhouſe, and Mr. Hartwell, a baker in Eaſt Harding ſtreet. The ballot was cloſed at four in the afternoon, & upon caſting up the votes, there appeared to be for Mr. Raven 173, Mr. Jones 85, & Mr. Hartwell 2. The ſalary annexed to this place was formerly 30 l. yearly; but as a perſon had offered to do it for 20 guineas yearly, none were allowed to appear as candidates, who would not agree to that condition.

Laſt week a Quarterly committee of the laudable Order of Anti-gallicans, was held by the hon. Edward Vernon, Eſq; grand Preſident, at the crown behind the Royal Exchange, when it was agreed by the ſociety to give the following premiums, for the beſt pair of men's Needle-work Ruffles, to be produced to the committee in the firſt week in May next five guineas; to the ſecond three guineas; and to the third two guineas. And for the beſt Piece of Engliſh bone-lace for ladies lappets, to be produced to the committee in Auguſt next fifteen guineas; to the ſecond ten guineas; and to the third five guineas.

We are aſſured that the managers of the preſent Iriſh Lottery are come to a reſolution that the ſame ſhall not be drawn without the ſanction of an act of Parliament, and the bankers in Dublin have given public notice that the ſeveral perſons who are poſſeſſed of Tickets, upon application to them, may receive one guinea, for each Ticket, being the original price.

The report of Sir Watkin William Wynn's being recovered from the ſmall-pox was without any foundation; he not having yet been atacked with that diſtemper.

Monday morning died almoſt ſuddenly, of a paralitic diſorder, Mr. George Strahan, an eminentbookſeller at the Golden Ball in Cornhill.

Laſt Sunday night, the corpſe of Mr. William Woolford, an eminent merchant in Barbadoes, was interred in a very decent manner, in the church of St. Alban's Woodſtreet. He was at St. Paul's the Sunday and Monday before; & ſince his death, letters have been received from Barbadoes, which bring an account of the death of his father, who had left him a very large fortune.

Wedneſday the Coroner's inqueſt ſat on the body of Mr. John Waite, late Caſhier of the bank, who died in the Fleet priſon, after ſome years confinement. He died a natural death, but a jury ſits on all who die priſoners.

Sunday night a ſerjeant of the firſt regiment of foot was mortally wounded by another ſerjeant of the ſame regiment; the cauſe of the quarrel was thus, ſerjeant W———, who committed the deed, had for a conſiderable time kept company with a woman, againſt whom not long ago he obtained a warrant, for ſome alleged crime, & had her ſent to the Gatehouſe, from whence ſhe was bailed out by the other ſerjeant, and ſtood trial at the laſt quarter ſeſſions & wae acquitted; after this the woman would live no longer with W———, and, ſome weeks ago, was married to ſerjeant B———, the man wounded; W———, the other ſerjeant, however, frequently demanded his wife, as he called her, but B—— refuſed, and would not yield her, nor would ſhe go with him; this irritated W——— very much, & hearing of their being together at the Bell alehouſe in Tuttle-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, laſt Sunday night, he ruſhed in with his ſword drawn, and ſtabbed him in the groin, as he ſat ſmoaking his pipe, and run immediately out; in the hurry he left his ſword and hat behind him. The wound is very deed, & tho' he may languiſh ſome ſhort time, there is no poſſibility of his recovering; ſerjeant W——, 'tis ſaid, has ſince drowned himſelf in the Thames.

We hear from Grays in Eſſex, that laſt Saturday night, near that place, a man was barbarouſly murdered and ſtripped naked all but his ſhirt, then dragged out of the path behind ſome buſhes. He had been at Weſt Thorock that day, and was an Upholſterer: his cloaths were a blue ſhag coat, black waiſtcoat and leather breeches; had a ſilver watch when he left the above place about ſeven in the evening, and was met in the field where the murder and robbery was committed, between ſeven and eight. A perſon ſuſpected was met alſo in the ſame field near that time; he was a tall man, and had on an old ruſty wig, and ſandy beard. The body is taken care of by the churchwarden of Grays.

Thurſday morning one Dobbins, a milkman in ſwallow ſtreet, St. James's, was, during the abſence of him and his wife, robbed of upwards of 20 l. by a woman ſervant, who made her eſcape.

The young woman ſaid to be robbed and ſtripped in Hackney-fields, on Saturday was committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell, being proved to be an Impoſtor.

On Saturday Jones, who was tried at the ſeſſion of the peace at Guildhall for defrauding Mr. Naſh in St. Paul's church yard, ſuffered the laſt part of his ſentence, which was to ſtand on the pillory in Cheapſide.

On Saturday a woman was convicted at the ſeſſion in Southwark for keeping a diſorderly houſe, was publicly whipped at the cart's tail in the Borough.

And two women ſtood on the pillory at the ſame place for crimes of the ſame kind.

They write from Jamaica, that they had advice there, that the Spaniſh guarda coſtas were in poſſeſſion of the bay, and had built a fort at the mouth of the New River.

The Weaſel man of war from Newfoundland, is arrived at Lisbon; the Wager man of war, from London, & the Aſſurance man of war, from Africa, are arrived at Jamaica.

The Catherine, Cornelius, bound from Cadiz for Amſterdam is loſt off the Iſle of Wight, the Crew are ſaved.

Capt. Evans, for Lymington, & Capt. Williams, for Dover, are both put into Ramſgale harbour with the loſs of their anchors. There is alſo another veſſel, name unknown, off the harbour in diſtreſs, having loſt her foremaſt.

The Richmond, Methuen, from London for Sevile, is put into Ramſgate Pier with the loſs of her foremaſt and bowſprit.

The Cape Coaſt, Stroud, arrived at Briſtol from Jamaica, brings advice, that the Sybilla, Power, was arrived there from Annamabo with 165 negroes who called at St, Kitt's, & ſailed thence the 28th of Auguſt, but met with violent gales for 12 hours, & fears ſome damage was done. A Schooner who put out from St. Kitt's, was drove to Jamaica with the loſs of her maſts.

The St. George, Jones, from London, is ſafe arrived at Cadiz.

The Don Carloſs, Friend, bound from London for Oporto, run aſhore on the Bar, and is got off again; but the ſhip & all her Cargo are very much damaged.

The Polly, Alliſon, bound from Virginia for London, was drove aſhore the 10th inſt. on Sandſtich Flats, in a hard gale of Wind, but ſhe is ſince got off and brought into Ramſgate Pier, with the loſs of her rudder, and has five feet water in her Hold.

Wedneſday we had an account that the Hull-merchant, Butler, who is arrived from St. Kit.'s, being on Monday off Dover, a boat came off to her, in which the captain put his letters which he had brought from the above iſland, in order to be put in the poſt office to come to London, but the boat in her way to Dover foundered, and the men narrowly eſcaped being drowned, but a boat luckily coming by took them up. Out of 600 letters they had from the ſhip there was not above 30 ſaved.

Yeſterday his majeſty's tradeſmen, according to annual cuſtom, renew'd their contracts with his grace the duke of Marlborough, as lord high ſteward of his Majeſty's houſhold.

A few days ago the workmen employed in making the military road to Carliſle, found a great number of curious Roman coins and medals in the ruins of the old wall near Heddon. They had been depoſited in wood boxes, which are almoſt decayed, yet ſeveral of the medals are as freſh and fair as if but newly ſtruck, ſome of them are made of ſilver; but the moſt part of copper and a mixture of coarſer metal. They are thought to be as valuable a collection as has been diſcovered for ſome centuries paſt.

Laſt week a man in liquor laid a wager of 30 guineas, that he had a dog which would beat a dog belonging to the man who keep the Two-Brewers alehouſe in Bandy-leg-walk, but when ſober repented his bargain, and offered a guinea to drop the matter, which the other would not agree to, aſſuring himſelf of the whole ſum, but Tueſday he was much diſappointed to ſee his dog beat, and more ſo, to find himſelf obliged to pay the 30 guineas, inſtead of receiving as much. The battle was in St. George's fields, and laſted half an hour, and the conquered died in the field.

Wedneſday Goddard beat Slack at Broughton's amphitheatre in Oxford road in 14 Minutes. The bets at the beginning of the combat were on Slack's ſide.

They write from Boſton in New England, of Auguſt 27, that one Chamberlyn, of Hebron in Connecticut, attempted to kill her husband, by putting a ſhovel full of fire on his face, while he lay aſleep on the bed, as tis thought with his mouth open it being much bliſtered near the throat. The man is dangerouſly ill, and the wife in cuſtody.

According to ſome private letters from Paris, the chancellor has had thoughts of reſigning; the old biſhop of Mirepoix is in a tottering condition; and the count de Maurepas is like to get in again, notwithſtanding the power, influence, and reſentment of thoſe who keep him out. They ſtill continue to him, that before the cloſe of the year, we ſhall hear of ſome great event.

In the account of the laſt troubles at Conſtantinople, there is the following curious and ſingular paſſage: The chief of the black eunuchs recommended a Cauſe, that was none of the beſt, to one of the vizirs of the bench, who had the courage to do juſtice, and decide againſt the hint that had been given him: ſome days after his houſe fell down and cruſhed him and part of his family to pieces; but upon removing the rubbiſh it appeared he had been ſtrangled. This rouzed the fury of the janiſſaries, & induced them to let fall ſome pretty ſtrong expreſſions in the ſeraglio, and it was to appeaſe them that when they came next to receive their meal, which is called Tchorba, the heads of the kiſſer aga and tuleyman bey were produced before them, for which they beſtowed a thouſand bleſſings on the grand ſignior.

An exttract of a letter from Amſterdam, dated November 8.

"Soon after the interment of the late prince ſtadtholder there was much talk of eſtabliſhing a proviſional tutelage, in caſe that providence ſhould continue to chaſtize us for our ſins, and take out of the world her royal highneſs, the Princeſs Governante, during the minority of the young Prince Stadtholder; but all on a ſudden this talk ceaſed, and the patriots were alarmed, at this ſeeming indifference about a ſubject of ſuch very high importance: ſince they apretended from this indolent behaviour, that the Republic might poſſibly, by the death of her royal highneſs the Governante before the majority of the young Stadtholder, be thrown into the greateſt perplexities; as in ſuch caſe it was much to be feared, conſidering the great credit of the cabal in an oppoſite intereſt, that the hereditary ſucceſſion would reſemble the perpetual edict, which was preſently broken by thoſe who made it, and ſwore to maintain it.

"We are, however now informed, that this affair, for the province of Holland, been ſome time regulated, tho' with the utmoſt ſecrecy, in the following manner, "That, in caſe of the death of the Princeſs Governante during the minority of the young Stadtholder, the civil adminiſtration of the dignity and poſt of Stadtholder ſhall be exerciſed by their noble and great mightineſſes the ſtates of that Province, in the ſame manner as the late prince Statholder was, by his commiſſion, authoriſed to exerciſe it: and as to military affairs, in the like caſe (which god forbid ſhould happen) Duke Lewis of Brunſwic, ſhall, in quality of Captain General of the Province, have full power and authority to or-

der and command the troops of the repartition of the Province; that his ſerene highneſs ſhall have the nomination of all officers, from a colonel to an enſign; but ſhall have the approbation of ſuch appointment of Colonels, of their noble and great mightineſſes, and of captains, lieutenants, and enſigns, of the Gecommitteerde Raaden, and ſhall, in a great meaſure act under the direction of theſe bodies."

Paris A-la-main, Nov. 6.

According to ſome Letters from Genoa of the laſt month, they ſeemed to be in Hopes of receiving ſoon an account of the affairs of Corſica being accommodated; but by the letters which have been received from that Iſland they ſeem to be in a worſe condition than ever. Theſe letters add, that the principal chiefs had aſſembled themſelves purſuant to the orders of M. de Curſay, and that when he communicated to them the new regulation, they unanimouſly proteſted, that they would neither accept of it, nor ſubmit themſelves. Letters ſince arrived from Genoa adviſe, that moſt of the chiefs had retired, proteſting that they would ſacrifice every thing, and themſelves too, ſooner than return under the dominion of the republic upon the conditions that were propoſed to them; & threatning to throw themſelves into the Hands of the Engliſh rather than be ſacrificed to the fury and reſentment of the Genoeſe.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and underſtanding.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

GERMANY.

Hanover, Nov. 3. Baron Wreede the Palatine miniſter is ſtill here, The convention he has concluded with the King's miniſters is only proviſional. Some objections have been made in regard to the county of Ortenaw, in the room of which the court of Vienna propoſes to the Elector Palatine the expectative of another Fief. The article concerning Pleyſtein and its dependencies is ſettled: the empreſs conſents to reſtore that barony to his electoral highneſs; but the revenue thereof, for the time her imperial majeſty enjoyed it, is yet to be accounted for: However, the negociation is to be carried on after the King's Departure: Baron Forſter will then take a trip to Vienna, in order to give their imperial majeſties an account of divers important affairs; after which he is to return to Mentz, and ſettle all things for convoking the diet which the miniſters of the electoral Courts are to hold at Francfort.

ITALY.

Rome, Oct. 21. Monday the grand pretender was in conference with his holineſs two hours, upon the receipt of important diſpatches from his eldeſt ſon Edward, the diſpatches are at preſent kept as a ſecret.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Hague, Nov. 9. They write from Hanover, that the electoral guards waited to attend the King of Great Britain to the frontiers of Holland the 8th of November. In the mean time the right hon. the lords Anſon and Delawar, are this day ſet out for Helvoetſluys to wait 'till his majeſty's arrival there, in order to embark for England.

TURKY.

Aleppo, Sept. 15. Our baſhaw here being informed, that a Caravan from Beſſora, was lately attack'd by a party of Arabians not far from hence, who had taken from them near 800 camels richly laden with merchandize, aſſembled immediately a body of ſpahis, and ſoon came up and attacked them furiouſly, and in a ſhort time cut a great number of them to pieces, took many priſoners, and put the reſt to flight, recovered the camels with the goods, & gained a conſiderable booty. This baſhaw did not long enjoy the ſucceſs of his victory, but ſoon after fell down dead from his horſe, into the Arms of his Aid de Camp, who found neither wound nor trace of blood on the ground near him.

BANKRUPTS.

William Dix, of Merton in the county of Surry callico printer.

William Coward, of Wells in the county of Somerſet, innholder and chapman.

Thomas Downer, of St. Botolph Biſhopſgate, London, bricklayer and chapman.

John Allardyce and George Bigbie, both of Birmingham in the county of Warwick, partners, dealers and chapmen.

GAMALIEL VOYCE,
Operator in TEETH,

In Mitre-court, St. Paul's Church-yard, the North Side, near the Chapter-houſe,

HATH Practiſed Setting in Artificial Teeth, in all Manner of Ways, that may beſt ſecure them from coming out. This Part of the Buſineſs he hath made his Practice theſe Thity Years, and performs it with the greateſt Nicety, ſo that they are not diſcerned from the natural, either in Uſe or Duration. He ſcales Teeth, and ſells a Powder for cleanſing natural Teeth, which none can excell, or would any be without, that knew its Virtue, in keeping them white and from Decay; for, by uſing it once or twice, it will make them cleaner and whiter than an hundred Times waſhing without this Powder, for it will poliſh them, by taking off the Scales, ſo that the Gums will cleave to them, which they will never do, whilſt they remain foul. Directions are given with this Powder, which, if obſerved, will infallible have its deſired Effect. It is ſold at One Shilling the Paper, or Sixpence the half Paper. Nothing can be ſafer or better for healing the Gums and cleaning the Teeth but a Patent to commend it.

N. B. Perſons at a Diſtance may be furniſhed with any Number out in Front, provided the next are faſt. This is done by ſending a Pattern in Wax or Paſte, that exactly fills the vacant place.

He hath whole Sets or under Jaws of artificial Teeth by him, ſo that in a little Time they may be fitted if wanted in Haſte.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R. ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Doſe or two of this Electuary may have their Minds ſet at Eaſe, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonders towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them: They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes —— And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING OUT whatever. Price 1 s. 6 d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER 9 d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1 s. the Bottle.

This Day is Publiſhed,

The SEVENTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the EIGHTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revived and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMELTZER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CONNETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it: for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Incl nation and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick, nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that VINA CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS: th s, in itſelf, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Looſeneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in either Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſide; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common *Preparations* of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilarating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected: and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjogal Intercourſe Prolifick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who uſ'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up with Direction (for any Meſſenger) upon asking for only a bottle of Quinteſſence.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON,

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe of the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunctions or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

Hence it is that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatsoever.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

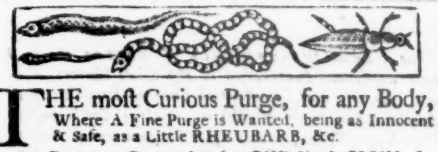
Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and agreeable Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six hilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c



THE most Curious Purge, for any Body,
Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c.

12d a Dozen.—Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c. from a CHILD.

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Please.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY,

Or to give away,—— Or Sell again, And Return what do not Sell.

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECK LACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewise to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR's

ANODYNE NECKLACES
Price 5 s. single, and Allowance by the dozen to sell again.
And Also the Famous Gum-opening Remedy to let out
CHILDRENS TEETH
Presently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gums, Delight the Child,
There not being such Another Help for them, this Day in the World again,
Easily to have their TEETH.—Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Person that Furnishes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in secret Cases,

So, Any Necklaces, &c, If not had from LONG ACRE, Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Has NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE,

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At All.

The So-much fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men* and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual: and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms by which they mimick by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them: be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions and Advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO destructive to the Constitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moisture or very Essence of Life, and inducing Consumptions, Nervous Disorders, &c. but to Posterity also, inasmuch as those afflicted with such Gleetings, if not wholy disabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miserable, and short-liv'd Issue.

These wasting Gleetings, occasion'd by Self-pollution, excessive Venery, severe Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almost all Physicians and Surgeons to be so very difficult to overcome, are now so certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Restrictive Balsamick Electuary, that no one, how bad soever, need despair of being entirely set to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country now send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon in those Cases. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, seal'd up, with a Book of Instructions, highly necessary to be read by all Persons whoever were afflicted with any Disorder of the Seminal Vessels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capiliary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, dont once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again (as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Time are convinced; for they almost instantly after the natural State of the Juices purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Scorches, black and blue Marks, Tetters, foul Eruptions or Breakings-out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often deceives) call'd and is the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Aches, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them: in which case besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness, Wind, Colick of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reflorative, strengthen and clean the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in so clean and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutio sui, Semina *Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which it at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by rash living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch, that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age itself.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

LONDON: Printed for H. MORGAN, in *Red-lion-court, Fleet-street.*

Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.